



World Class Performance in Abrasive, Scaling and Corrosive Slurries, Sludge, Liquids, and Bulk Solids







Vent-O-Mat Series RBX has evolved from a long lineage of research and development into a product that has proven unsurpassed for air release, vacuum protection, surge alleviation and pipeline flow enhancement.

The basis of the Vent-O-Mat design is in the understanding of the physical laws that govern air valve and pipeline operation. Reaction to pipeline dynamics is therefore instantaneous and protection provided is relevant to the pipeline's needs.

Vent-O-Mat Series RBX truly represents the pinnacle of valve design evolution. This valve design provides the most comprehensive, effective and efficient pipeline protection relative to initial cost of any other available pipeline component. This can easily be gauged from the below:

Automatic Surge Protection

The unique Series RBX valve incorporates as standard, three design features to automatically protect a pipeline, under all pipeline operating conditions, from the destructive surge and water hammer phenomena. These features are independent of any mechanical devices ensuring reaction in a very low milli second time span.

Effective Air Release

The RBX design ensures effective de-aeration under all pipeline flow and operating conditions, via either one of three discharge orifices.

Vacuum Protection

The RBX series large orifice diameters equal the nominal size of the valve. This ensures the least possible resistance to the intake of air and consequently the least possible negative pressure within a draining pipeline. The use of solid, cylindrical floats ensures instantaneous reaction, discourages the "Venturi" phenomenon and is a further guarantee of effective vacuum protection.

Guaranteed Performance

The RBX has been designed and developed to provide the optimum usable and safe performance relative to all functions. Selection data has been substantiated through third party testing and can therefore be confidently referenced.

The surge protection function of the RBX design has been incorporated in the well-known **SURGE 2000** surge analysis software programme and can be analysed with great accuracy in other commercially available surge analysis programmes such as FLOWMASTER and TRANSAM.

Unparalleled Service

Vent-O-Mat is committed to customer service and to the selling of solutions. Our highly dedicated team is available at all times to assist with air valve sizing and positioning. Assistance is also provided in finding the most cost effective and/or efficient surge protection strategy relevant to the pipeline's needs.

International Representation

Vent-O-Mat is represented in the following countries and regions:

| * USA | * Thailand | * South Africa | * Namibia | Kuwait Brazil France Singapore |
|------------------------|------------|----------------|---------------|---|
| * Canada | * Germany | * Zimbabwe | * Hong Kong | |
| * Carribean | * Kenya | * Tanzania | * Taiwan | |
| * United Arab Emirates | * Egypt | * Malawi | * New Zealand | |
| * South America | * UK | * Zambia | * Vietnam | * Australia |



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Series RBX Operation

PRE NOTES:

1. VENTING OF A FILLING PIPELINE:

The operation of a conventional air release valve is such that fast approaching water is almost instantaneously halted by the valve's closure without the shock cushioning benefit of any retained air in the pipeline. Consequently a transient pressure rise or shock of potentially damaging proportions can be generated in a pipeline system, even at normal filling rates.

In addition to venting through the Large Orifice (1) when water approach velocities are sub critical, the Vent-O-Mat series RBX air release valves feature an automatic "Anti-Shock" Orifice (8) device that serves to decelerate water approaching at excessive speed, thereby limiting pressure rise to a maximum of 1.5 x rated working pressure of the valve.

2. SURGE ALLEVIATION - PIPELINE PRESSURIZED:

In instances where a pipeline experiences water column separation due to pump stoppage, high shock pressures can be generated when the separated water column rejoins.

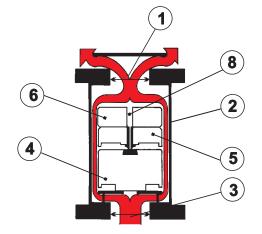
The Vent-O-Mat series RBX takes in air through the unobstructed large orifice when water column separation occurs, but controls the discharge of air through the "Anti-Shock" Orifice as the separated column commences to rejoin. The rejoining impact velocity is thereby sufficiently reduced to prevent an unacceptably high surge pressure in the system. In the same way the series RBX valve prevents high surge pressures resulting from liquid oscillation in a pipeline.

3. PRESSURIZED AIR RELEASE FROM A FULL PIPELINE:

Effective discharge by the valve of pressurized air depends on the existence of a 'CRITICAL RELATIONSHIP' between the area of the Small Orifice (7) and the mass of Control Float (4), i.e., the mass of the float must be greater than the force created by the working pressure acting on the orifice area. If the float is relatively too light or the orifice area relatively too great, the float will be held against the orifice, even when not buoyed, and air discharge will not be effected.

To ensure that the correct 'CRITICAL RELATIONSHIP' exists the requisite 'DROP TEST' described under TEST SPECIFICATION on page 17 must be applied to any air release valve which is intended for discharge of pressurized air.

VENTING OF A FILLING PIPELINE (SUB CRITICAL WATER APPROACH VELOCITY)

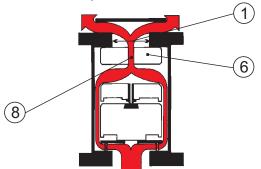


Air enters Orifice (3), travels through the annular space between the cylindrical floats (4), (5), and (6) and the valve Chamber Barrel (2) and discharges from the Large Orifice (1) into atmosphere.



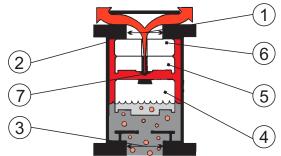
Series RBX Operation

VENTING OF A FILLING PIPELINE (EXCESSIVE WATER APPROACH VELOCITY)



In reaction to increased air flow, Float (6) closes Large Orifice (1) and air is forced through the "Anti-Shock" Orifice (8) resulting in deceleration of the approaching water due to the resistance of rising air pressure in the valve.

Attention is drawn to Pre Note 1 and 2 on page 1. PRESSURIZED AIR RELEASE FROM A FULL PIPELINE

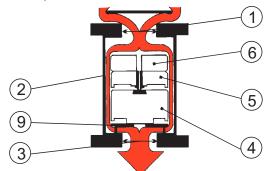


Subsequent to the filling of a pipeline, liquid enters the valve Barrel Chamber (2) and the Floats (4), (5) and (6) are buoyed so that the Large Orifice (1) is closed by Float (6), the valve will then become internally pressurized. A minimal working pressure of < 0. 5 bar acting on the relatively large area of the Orifice (1) will lock Float (6) into the closed position across the Large Orifice (1).

Disentrained air rises through the liquid and accumulates in the valve chamber, when the volume of air is sufficient to displace the liquid, Float (4) will no longer be buoyant and will gravitate downwards thereby opening the Small Orifice (7) and allowing accumulated air to be discharged into atmosphere, as air is discharged the liquid raises Float (4) and re - seals the Small Orifice (7) and prevents escape of liquid

Specific attention is drawn to pre note 3 on page 1.

VACUUM RELIEF (AIR INTAKE) OF A DRAINING PIPELINE

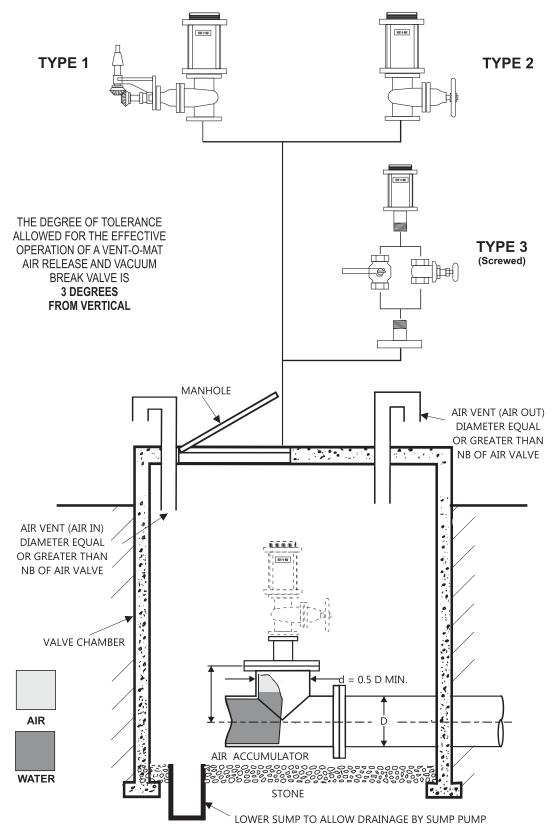


Simultaneous drainage of liquid from Valve Chamber (2) causes Floats (4), (5) and (6) to gravitate downwards onto the Baffle Plate (9), thereby allowing atmospheric air through the valve to rapidly displace draining liquid in the pipeline and prevent potentially damaging internal negative pressure.



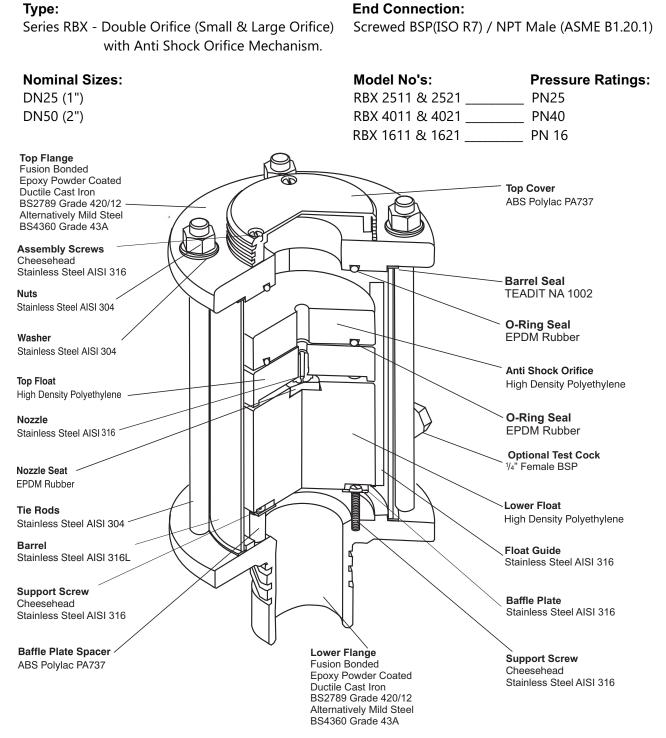


Series RBX RECOMMENDED INSTALLATION ARRANGEMENTS





COMPONENT DESCRIPTION & MATERIAL SPECIFICATION SCREWED - DN25(1") & DN50(2")

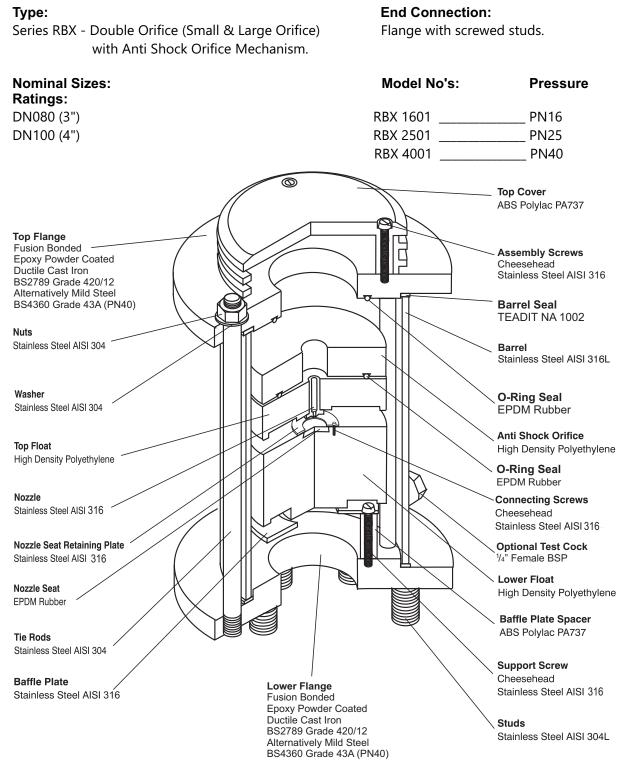


Valves are available in AISI 304L and 316L on request.





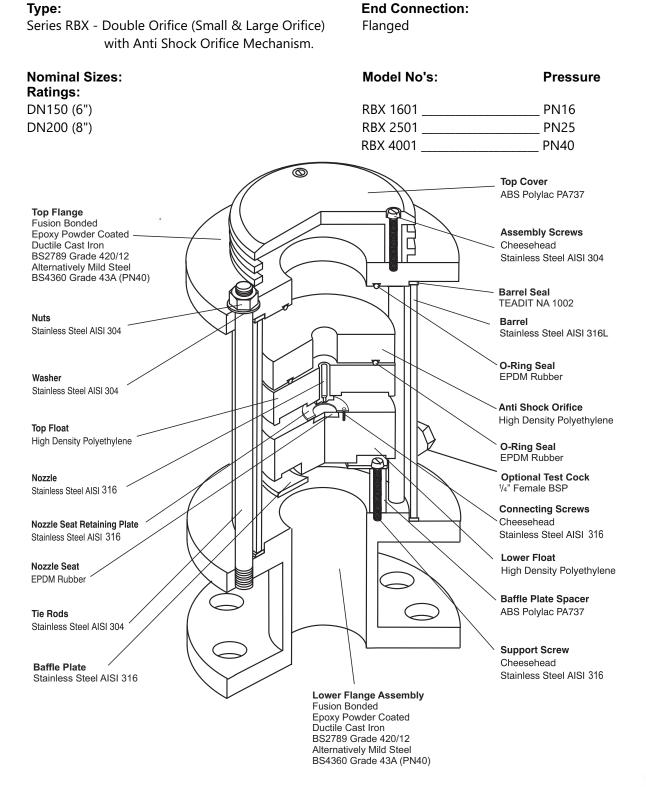
COMPONENT DESCRIPTION & MATERIAL SPECIFICATION FLANGED - DN80(3") & DN100(4")



Valves available in AISI 304L & 316L on request



COMPONENT DESCRIPTION & MATERIAL SPECIFICATION FLANGED - DN150(6") & DN200(8")

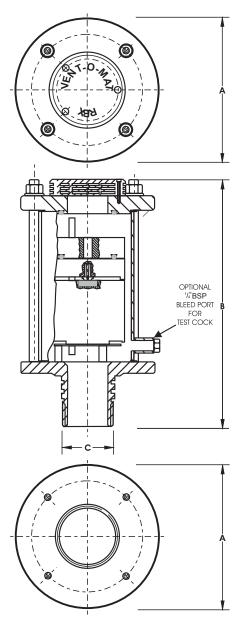


VALVES AVAILABLE IN AISI 304L AND 316L ON REQUEST





Series RBX GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS SCREWED - DN25(1") & DN50(2")



Type:

Double Orifice (Small & Large Orifice) with Anti-Shock Orifice Mechanism.

End Connection: Screwed BSP/ NPT Male

Nominal Sizes:

DN25 (1") & DN50 (2")

| Model No's: | Pressure Ratings bar: |
|-------------|-----------------------|
| RBX 2511 | PN 25 |
| RBX 4011 | PN 40 |

Operating Pressure Range - bar:

| | Mir | n. Max. | |
|-------|-----|---------|--|
| PN 25 | 0.5 | 5 25 | |
| PN 40 | 0.5 | 5 40 | |

Operating Temperature Range:

4°C (40°F) to 65°C (149°F)

Acceptable Media:

Potable or strained raw water.

Function:

- i) High volume air discharge pipeline filling.
- ii) High volume air intake pipeline draining
- iii) Pressurized air discharge pipeline filled.
- iv) Surge dampening high velocity air discharge, water column separation & liquid oscillation.

Materials of Construction: - see page 4

Installation:- see page 3

Standard Factory Tests:

i) Hydrostatic - 1.5 x max. rated working pressure

- ii) Low head leak 0.5 bar
- iii) Small orifice function at max. rated working pressure (minimum 1 valve in 10).

OVERALL DIMENSIONS & WEIGHTS

| D | N | MODEL No. | PRESSURE RATING | А | В | С | WEIGHT |
|----|-----|--------------|-----------------|-----|-----|------------|--------|
| mm | in. | | | mm | mm | | kg. |
| 25 | 1 | 025 RBX 2511 | PN25 | 120 | 265 | 1" BSP/NPT | 5 |
| 25 | 1 | 025 RBX 4011 | PN40 | 120 | 317 | 1" BSP/NPT | 5.5 |
| 50 | 2 | 050 RBX 2511 | PN25 | 165 | 325 | 2" BSP/NPT | 9.5 |
| 50 | 2 | 050 RBX 4011 | PN40 | 165 | 340 | 2" BSP/NPT | 10 |

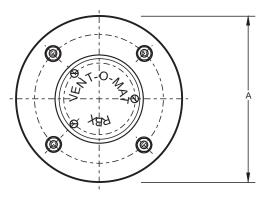
1 = Screwed BSP

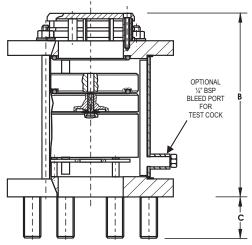
2 = Screwed NPT

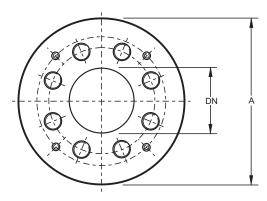
FLANGED AVAILABLE ON REQUEST



Series RBX GENERALSPECIFICATIONS FLANGED-DN80(3") & DN100(4")







Type:

Double Orifice (Small & Large Orifice) with Anti-Shock Orifice Mechanism.

End Connection:

Flange with Screwed Studs for Alignment to; BS EN 1092 PN10, PN16, PN25 & PN40 ANSI B16.5 Class 150 & 300

Nominal Sizes:

DN80 (3") & DN100 (4")

| Model No's: | Pressure Ratings bar: |
|-------------|-----------------------|
| RBX 1601 | PN 16 |
| RBX 2501 | PN 25 |
| RBX 4001 | PN 40 |

Operating Pressure Range - bar:

| | Min. | Max. |
|---------|------|------|
| PN 16 – | 0.5 | - 16 |
| PN 25 | 0.5 | 25 |
| PN 40 — | 0.5 | - 40 |

Operating Temperature Range:

4°C (40°F) to 65°C (149°F)

Acceptable Media:

Potable or strained raw water.

Function:

- i) High volume air discharge pipeline filling.
- ii) High volume air intake pipeline draining
- iii) Pressurized air discharge pipeline filled.
- iv) Surge dampening high velocity air discharge, water column separation & liquid oscillation.

Materials of Construction: - see page 5

Installation: - see page 3

Standard Factory Tests:

- i) Hydrostatic 1.5 x max. rated working pressure
- ii) Low head leak 0.5 bar
- iii) Small orifice function at max. rated working pressure (minimum 1 valve in 10).

OVERALL DIMENSIONS & WEIGHTS

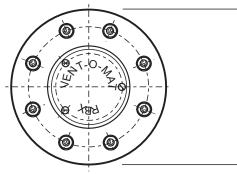
| D | N | MODEL No. | PRESSURE RATING | А | В | с | WEIGHT |
|-----|----|--------------|-----------------|-----|-----|----|--------|
| mm | in | | | mm | mm | mm | kg |
| 80 | 3 | 080 RBX 1601 | PN16 | 235 | 354 | 50 | 23 |
| 80 | 3 | 080 RBX 2501 | PN25 | 235 | 354 | 50 | 23 |
| 80 | 3 | 080 RBX 4001 | PN40 | 235 | 369 | 50 | 24.5 |
| 100 | 4 | 100 RBX 1601 | PN16 | 235 | 369 | 50 | 22.5 |
| 100 | 4 | 100 RBX 2501 | PN25 | 235 | 374 | 60 | 22.5 |
| 100 | 4 | 100 RBX 4001 | PN40 | 235 | 407 | 60 | 24 |

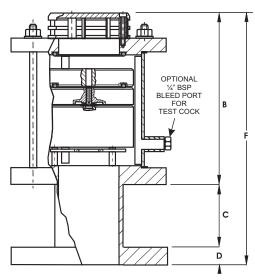
0 = BS EN 1092

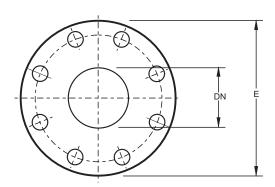




Series RBX GENERALSPECIFICATIONS FLANGED-DN150(6") & DN200(8")







Type:

Double Orifice (Small & Large Orifice) with Anti-Shock Orifice Mechanism.

End Connection:

Flange for Alignment to; BS EN 1092 PN10, PN16, PN25 & PN40 ANSI B16.5 Class 150 & 300 **Nominal Sizes:** DN150 (6") & DN200 (8")

| Model No's: | Pressure Ratings bar: |
|-------------|-----------------------|
| RBX 1601 | PN 16 |
| RBX 2501 | PN 25 |
| RBX 4001 | PN 40 |

Operating Pressure Range - bar:

| | Min. | Max. |
|-------|---------|--------|
| PN 16 | 0.5 | 16 |
| PN 25 | 0.5 | 25 |
| PN 40 | 0.5 | 40 |

Operating Temperature Range:

4°C (40°F) to 65°C (149°F)

Acceptable Media:

Potable or strained raw water.

Function:

- i) High volume air discharge pipeline filling.
- ii) High volume air intake pipeline draining
- iii) Pressurized air discharge pipeline filled.
- iv) Surge dampening high velocity air discharge, water column separation & liquid oscillation.

Materials of Construction: - see page 6

Installation: - see page 3

Standard Factory Tests:

- i) Hydrostatic 1.5 x max. rated working pressure
- ii) Low head leak 0.5 bar
- iii) Small orifice function at max. rated working pressure (minimum 1 valve in 10).

OVERALL DIMENSIONS & WEIGHTS

| | N | MODEL No. | PRESSURE RATING | A | В | С | D | E | F | WEIGHT |
|-----|------|-------------|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|--------|
| mm | i in | WODEL NO. | PRESSURE RATING | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | kg |
| 150 | 6 | 150 RBX1601 | PN16 | 355 | 457 | 133 | 19 | 285 | 612 | 69 |
| 150 | 6 | 150 RBX2501 | PN25 | 355 | 457 | 127 | 20 | 300 | 612 | 69 |
| 150 | 6 | 150 RBX4001 | PN40 | 355 | 457 | 127 | 26 | 300 | 612 | 75 |
| 200 | 8 | 200 RBX1601 | PN16 | 405 | 497 | 151 | 20 | 360 | 672 | 97 |
| 200 | | 200 RBX2501 | PN25 | 405 | 497 | 145 | 22 | 360 | 672 | 97 |
| 200 | 8 | 200 RBX4001 | PN40 | 405 | 497 | 141 | 30 | 375 | 672 | 108 |

0 = BS EN 1092



SELECTION & POSITIONING

PRE-NOTES

The functional limits of an air valve are governed by three physical laws namely: Joukowski's Equation, Boyle's Law and Pascal's Law. Air valve operation however is also dependent on design and internal configuration, and can vary dramatically from manufacturer's product to manufacturer's product, within the parameters of what is physically possible. The basis of the Vent -O- Mat design is in the understanding of these laws, which have been used to design an air release and vacuum break valve that provides the optimum usable safe performance relative to all functions. The following summary is a general guideline of factors to consider when sizing air valves.

Sizing for Vacuum

Calculate necessary valve *orifice* sizes independently for each apex point.

Determine the smallest air release and vacuum break valve capable of admitting air into the pipeline equal to the potential water flow out of the pipeline whilst not exceeding a differential pressure that would put the pipeline and gasket joints at risk due to negative internal pressure. We recommend 0.35 bar Dp or lower. This exercise is simplified on pages 11 and 12 of this catalogue. Be cautious of air valve designs with spherical floats as a low pressure zone is created above the float which causes it to partially close off the large orifice during air intake.

Note that vacuum protection is dependent on valve size selection and orifice size relative to the nominal size of the valve. In sizing air valves be cautious of designs with restricted orifice diameters, i.e., orifice diameters that are smaller than the nominal size of the valve, as this could lead to insufficient vacuum protection and pipe collapse if not accommodated for. Vent-O-Mat large orifice diameters and flow path through the valve is equal to the nominal size of the valve e.g. a DN100 (4") valve has a 100mm (4") orifice. This ensures the least possible resistance to the intake of air and consequently the least possible negative pressure within a draining pipeline.

Sizing for Discharge

If a Vent-O-Mat air valve is sized correctly for air intake, discharge should not be a factor in sizing as all air will be discharged through the large orifice or "Anti-Shock" orifice (refer to RBX operation on pages 1 and 2 of this catalogue). *If this* information is used for the sizing of air valves other than Vent-O-Mat, we recommend that a valve be selected that is capable of discharging air equal to the filling rate, whilst not exceeding a differential of 0.05 her (0.725 psi) acress the large orifice or derived to the recommend. 0.05 bar (0.725 psi) across the large orifice in order to prevent pressure surge and water hammer.

Pressurized Air Discharge

Effective discharge by an air release and vacuum break valve of pressurised air depends on the existence of a "Critical Relationship" between the area of the small orifice and the mass of the control float, i.e., the mass of the float must be greater than the force created by the working pressure acting on the orifice area. If the float is relatively too light or the orifice area relatively too great, the float will be held against the orifice even when not buoyed, and air discharge will not take place.

Surge Alleviation

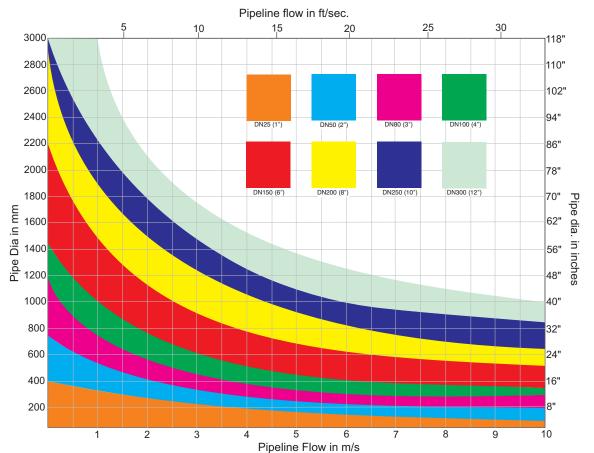
It is imperative, due to the unpredictable nature of pipeline operation, that every air release and vacuum break valve should as standard, incorporate a surge and water hammer alleviation mechanism. This mechanism should only be activated in the instance of high velocity air discharge or pump trip (where the separated liquid columns rejoin at excessive velocities). The alleviation of surge and/or water hammer must be achieved by deceleration of the approaching liquid prior to valve closure (see operation of RBX on pages 1 and 2 of this catalogue). Pelief mechanisms that act subsequent to valve closure catalogues that act subsequents to valve closure to be active to the method. catalogue). Relief mechanisms that act subsequent to valve closure cannot react in the low millisecond time span required and are therefore unacceptable.

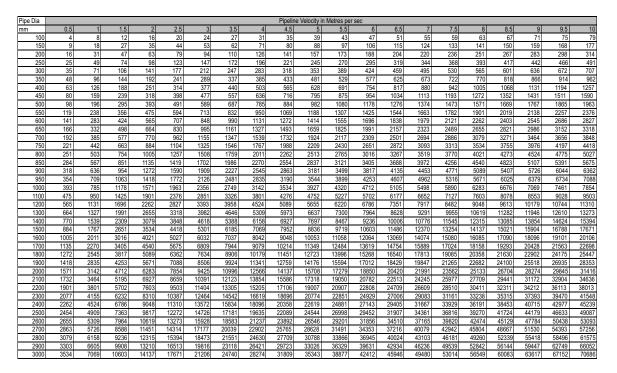
Kindly contact the manufacturer for free copies of the Vent-O-Mat publications; "Points to Consider when Sizing and Position Air Release and Vacuum Break Valves" and "Air Valve Technology Reviewed", should you require more information on the phenomena of surge and water hammer as a result of air release, as well as the functional limits of all available air valve designs and configurations.

Vent-O-Mat has an interactive sizing programme available on the Internet. The website address is: http://www.ventomat.com. You can, should you experience any problems, or need additional assistance, contact us at our E Mail address: ventomat@dfc.co.za





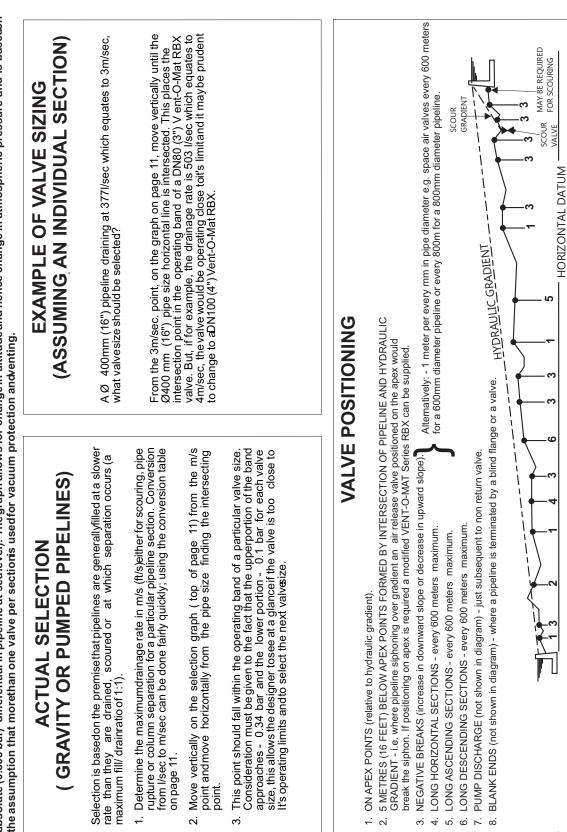




Conversion Table |/sec. to m/sec. of Pipeline Velocity

VALVE SELECTION FROM GRAPH

All the relevant information hasbeen condensed into onegraph toenable valve selection to be simple and easy and atthe same time to allow flexibility to the designer to movewithin certain parameters which eventually allows themost suited and conomically viable valve to beselected. MPORTANT NOTE: The graph is basedon vacuum breaking and limitingvacuum to 0.34 barbelow atmospheric. It is not good practice to gobelow 0.69 bar, absolute (0.303 bar) differential in pipeline at sealevel). The graph allows for change in altitude and hence change in atmospheric pressure and is basedon



Series RBX SELECTION & POSITIONING

NT - N - MA





Series RBX SURGE & WATERHAMMER PROTECTION

Introduction

The Vent-O-Mat Series RBX "Anti-Shock" air release and vacuum break valve, is the product of extensive research into the development of an efficient, but cost effective solution to surge problems (both mass liquid oscillation and elastic transient phenomena) associated with any operating pipeline. Automatic dampening, relevant to the pipeline's needs is provided by either one of three design features. These special features are unique in a pipeline component of such compact and economic design.

Surge Protection - Initial Filling

The RBX incorporates the additional floating "Anti-Shock" Orifice which is aerodynamically engineered to throttle air discharge when water approach velocity would otherwise become too great and induce an unacceptable pressure rise. The air throttling action increases resistance to the flow of the approaching water which consequently decelerates to a velocity which reduces the pressure rise when the valve closes (see operation of valve on pages 1 & 2). Vent-O-Mat series RBX is an essential precaution for pipeline priming.

Surge Protection - Pump Trip Conditions

In instances where a pipeline experiences water column separation due to pump stoppage, high shock pressures can be generated when the separated water column rejoins.

The Vent-O-Mat series RBX takes in air through the unobstructed large orifice when water column separation occurs, but controls the discharge of air through the "Anti-Shock" Orifice as the separated column commences to rejoin. The rejoining impact velocity is thereby considerably reduced to alleviate high surge pressures in the system (see operation of valve on pages 1 & 2).

Other surge control measures may, dependant on pipeline profile, diameter and operating conditions, be needed to provide the primary surge alleviation function with the Vent-O-Mat airvalves forming an integral and valuable addition in a combined strategy for further reducing surge pressures. The benefit of the "Anti-Shock" Orifice can be readily demonstrated by suitable surge modelling software.

Surge Protection - Pipeline Operating

The operation of valves and similar flow control devices can cause high-pressure transients in an operating pipeline.

The unique, single chamber design of the Vent-O-Mat series RBX valve enables a pocket of air to be trapped in the valve chamber. Automatic operation of the small orifice control float regulates the volume of air entrapped.

The volume maintained in the valve will provide a cushioning benefit to the pipeline for short duration transient pressure "spikes". This effect can be modelled by the design engineer using suitable surge software.

Surge Protection - Primary Pipeline Surge Protection Failure

In instances where air vessels or other alleviation measures are utilised as primary surge protection and these devices fail, excessively high surge pressures will be generated. The same is true if pipeline demands are increased with time without the upgrading of initial surge protection equipment.



SURGE & WATERHAMMER PROTECTION

Protection by Vent-O-Mat Series RBX will provide the benefits already described. The valve in addition, has a pipeline over pressure safety feature which acts as a "rupture-disc". Operation of this feature will be without an explosive effect and without damage to valve. This feature consists of easily replaceable components such as gaskets and seals.

This feature will thus provide surge alleviation in instances where surge pressures are abnormally high. The net alleviation effect can be taken into account by the design engineer using surge modelling software.

Computer Modelling

The effectiveness of Vent-O-Mat series RBX has been substantiated by independent third party testing and by thousands of applications globally. Effective computer modeling, based on practical tests, has been ensured in the well-known and respected commercially available SURGE 2000 surge analysis software programme. Accurate results are also obtained by other commercially available surge analysis software programmes such as FLOWMASTER, TRANSAM, WATHAM and AFT Impulse.

Holistic Surge & Water Hammer Protection

Vent-O-Mat forms an integral part of a well planned, holistic surge protection strategy that should, according to application needs and financial constraints, include surge vessels, check valves, control valves and/or any other equipment needed to alleviate unacceptable surge behaviour.

Technical and Financial Benefits

The Vent-O-Mat series RBX valve offers definite financial and technical advantages when incorporated as part of a holistic surge protection strategy. This includes:

- 1. Improved alleviation of surge behaviour including reduction of:
 - Surge pressure magnitudes by slowing surge velocities
 - Duration of oscillation following a pump trip, as the air-valve continuously absorbs and dissipates the energies of the surge.
- 2. Potential for reduction in size and/or quantity of conventional surge protection devices such as surge vessels etc.
- 3. Automatic protection during initial filling when most surge protection devices are not operational.
- 4. Holistic protection as each air valve installed has design features to automatically damp surges.
- 5. The valve is virtually maintenance free.

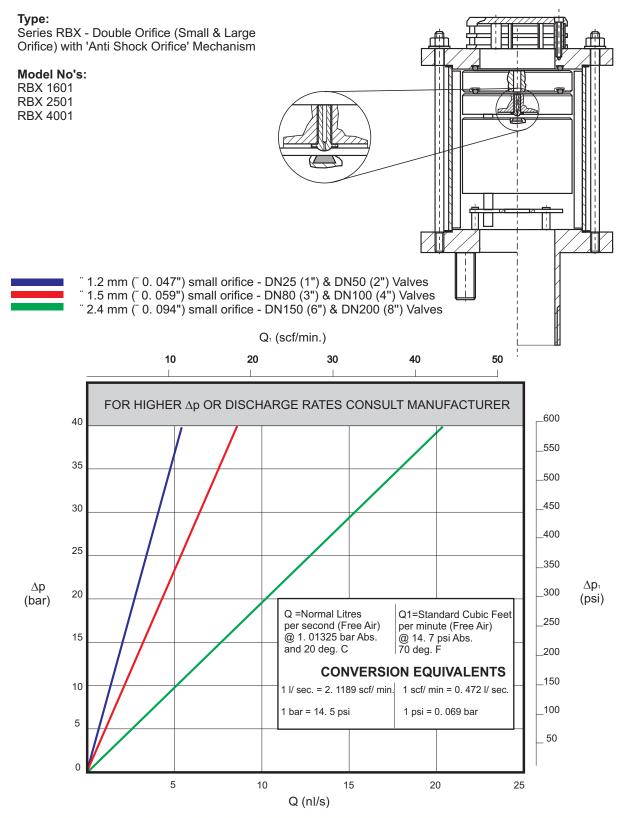
Service

Vent-O-Mat is committed to finding the most cost effective and efficient solution to pipeline complexities. Services include air valve sizing and positioning and assistance to consulting engineers on defining appropriate surge and water hammer protection strategies. Vent-O-Mat has built a sound relationship with many international consulting firms and has gained global recognition for selling solutions!





Series RBX SMALL ORIFICE DISCHARGE PERFORMANCE





Series RBX PURCHASE SPECIFICATION

VENT -O- MAT MODEL NO.

Page 7 - Series RBX - DN25 (1") or DN50 (2") with BSP or NPT, Screwed Male Connection.

Page 8 - Series RBX - DN80 (3") or DN100 (4") Flanged Connection.

Page 9 - Series RBX - DN150 (6") or DN200 (8") Flanged Connection.

CONSTRUCTION & DESIGN

The air release & vacuum break valve shall be of the compact single chamber design with solid cylindrical H.D.P.E. control Floats housed in a tubular Stainless Steel Body with epoxy powder coated Mild Steel, Ductile Iron or Stainless Steel ends secured by means of Stainless Steel Tie Rods.

The valve shall have an integral 'Anti-Shock' Orifice mechanism which shall operate automatically to limit transient pressure rise or shock induced by closure to 1.5 x valve rated working pressure.

The intake orifice area shall be equal to the nominal size of the valve i.e., a 150mm (6") valve shall have a 150mm (6") intake orifice.

Large orifice sealing shall be effected by the flat face of the control float seating against a EPDM rubber 'O' ring housed in a dovetail groove circumferentially surrounding the orifice.

Discharge of pressurized air shall be controlled by the seating & unseating of a Small Orifice Nozzle on a EPDM rubber seal affixed into the control float. The Nozzle shall have a flat seating land surrounding the orifice so that the damage to the rubber seal is prevented.

The valve construction shall be proportioned with regard to material strength characteristics, so that deformation, leaking or damage of any kind does not occur by submission to one and half times the designed working pressure.

The valve design shall incorporate an over pressure safety feature that will fail without an explosive effect, such as is normally the case when highly compressed air is released suddenly. The feature shall consist of easily replaceable components such as Gaskets, Seals or the like.

Connection to the valve inlet shall be facilitated by a screwed BSP or NPT male end (DN25 (1") & DN50 (2") only) or a flanged end conforming to PN10, 16, 25 or 40 ratings of BS EN 1092 or SABS 1123 Standards and ANSI B16.5 Class 150 or Class 300 Standards.

Flanged ends for DN80 and DN100 shall be supplied with the requisite number of Stainless Steel screwed studs inserted for alignment to the specified standard. **Nuts, washers, or jointing gaskets shall be excluded.**

Optional: Provision of a ¼" BSP/ NPT Test/ Bleed Cock.

OPERATION

 Prior to the ingress of liquid into the valve chamber, as when the pipeline is being filled, valves shall vent through the large orifice when water approach velocities are relative to a transient pressure rise, on valve closure, of < 1.5 x valve rated pressure.

At higher water approach velocities, which have a potential to induce transient pressure rises > 1.5 x valve rated pressure on valve closure, the valve shall automatically discharge air through the Anti Shock Orifice and reduce water approach velocity, so that on closure a maximum transient pressure rise of < 1.5 x valve rated pressure is realised.

- 2. Valves shall not exhibit leaks or weeping of liquid past the large orifice seal at operating pressures of 0.5 bar to one and a half times the rated working pressure.
- Valves shall respond to the presence of air by discharging it through the small orifice at pressures within a specified design range, i.e. 0.5 bar to 16 bar, 25 bar or 40 bar, and shall Remain leak tight in the absence of air.
- 4. Valves shall react immediately to pipeline drainage or water column separation by the full opening of the large orifice so as to allow unobstructed air intake at the lowest possible negative internal pipeline pressure.



Series RBXb OPERATION

PRE NOTES:

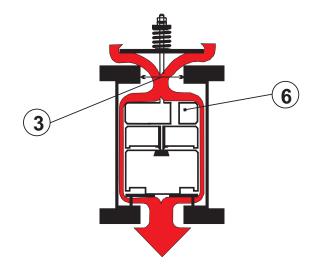
It is good engineering practice, for vertical turbine pumps and deepwell, submersible pump applications, to install air valves prior to the pump discharge check valve. The purpose of these valves is to prevent air entry into the pipeline and to break vacuum in the vertical riser upon pump shutoff.

Operation of conventional air valves in this application is such that the air in the vertical riser is released very rapidly upon pump startup, resulting in very high pressure transients when the water column slams the air valve shut and/or slams into the closed discharge check valve.

The Vent-O-Mat Series RBXb valve has specifically been developed for use on deep well submersible pump and vertical turbine pump applications where they are installed prior to the pump discharge check valve to fulfill the following functions:

- * Provide effective and controlled release of air in the vertical riser upon pump startup.
- * Dampen surge pressures upon pump startup.
- * Provide vacuum protection when the pump stops and the vertical column drains.

VACUUM RELIEF (AIR INTAKE)



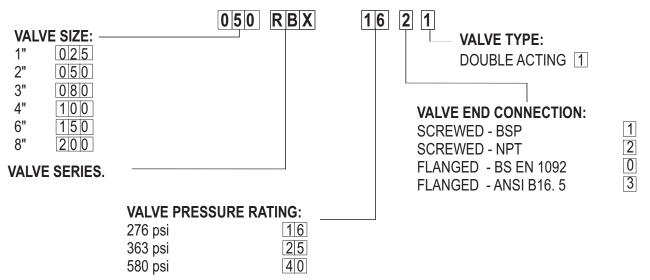
Upon pump stop, the pump discharge check valve closes. Liquid drains from the air valve and the pump's vertical column. The negative differential created by the draining liquid causes atmospheric air to push the "Anti-Shock" Float (6) down, opening the Large Orifice (3) and rapidly displaces the draining liquid to prevent potentially damaging internal negative pressure *.

*Note: A differential pressure of less than 0.05 bar across the Large Orifice (3) is required to open the valve fully under vacuum conditions.





Series RBX ORDERING GUIDE



Note:

- 1. 10" and 12" valves are available on request.
- 2. Valves for pressure ratings of 928 psi and 1450 psi are available on request.
- 3. Valves are available with AISI 304 or AISI 316 Stainless Steel Flanged ends, please specify when ordering.

TEST SPECIFICATIONS

All air release valves supplied shall be subjected to the following testing procedures in the order laid down:

- (A)A high pressure strength and leak test whereby the valve is filled with water and pressurized to 1.5 times the rated working pressure which shall be held for a period of 2 minutes. Any leaking, weeping or sweating shall be reason for rejection.
- (B)A low head leak test whereby the valve is filled with water and pressurized to a maximum of 7.25 psi using a visible water column connected to the test rig. The valve shall be rejected if leak tightness is not maintained for 2 minutes
- (C)Every tenth air release valve of the same size and pressure rating must be subjected to a small orifice function test - "DROP TEST" - whereby the valve is filled with water, pressurized to above rated working pressure and isolated from the test rig by closure of an isolating valve. A chamber in the test rig immediately prior to the isolating valve must be filled with compressed air at a pressure equal to that being maintained in the air release valve. The isolating valve is then opened so as to allow the air to rise in the air release valve without the pressure dropping lower than 29 -44 psi above rated working pressure of the air release valve. The "DROP TEST" is then carried out by slowly bleeding off the pressure through a suitable cock until rated working pressure is reached and the float drops away from the orifice to allow discharge. Failure of the air release valve to function in the manner described will be reason for rejection.

On request the manufacturer shall provide batch certificates of test compliance which shall be cross referenced to serial numbers indelibly marked onto the identity label of each valve.

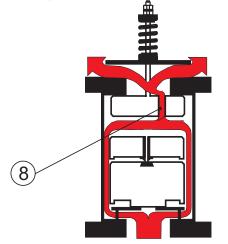
IMPORTANT NOTE: It is impossible to inject air into an incompressible liquid, air injection can only be achieved if the liquid can be displaced which implies that the pressure in the test rig must be reduced to atmospheric, and absolutely nothing is proven by discharge through the small orifice of the air release valve at atmospheric pressure. **"DROP TESTING"** in this manner is not acceptable.





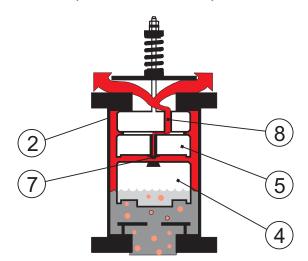
Series RBXb OPERATION

VENTING (PUMP START UP)



Air is forced through the "Anti-Shock" Orifice (8) resulting in the deceleration of the approaching water column due to the resistance of rising air pressure in the valve. This dampens transients when the air valve closes and the water column opens the pump, discharge check valve.

PRESSURIZED AIR RELEASE (PUMP OPERATING)



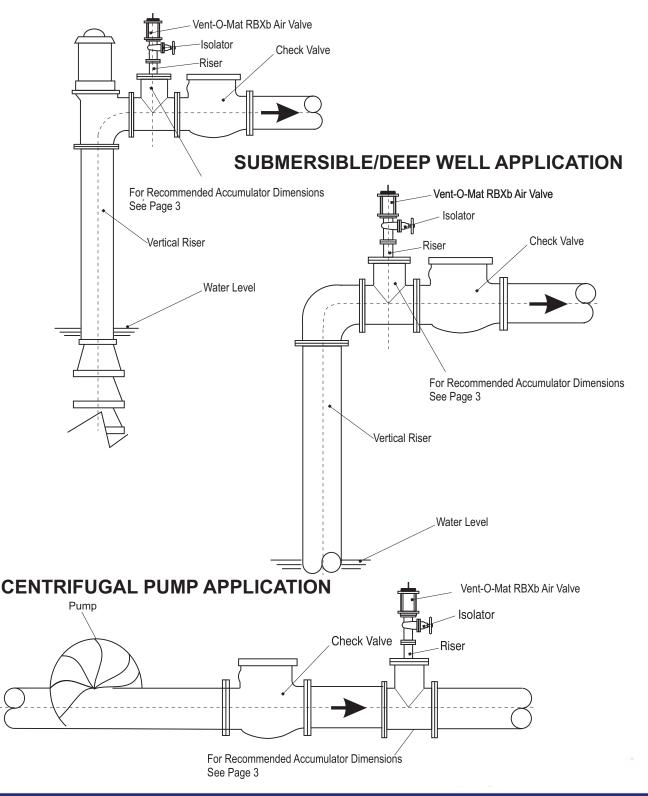
Liquid enters the valve Barrel Chamber (2) and the Floats (4), (5) are buoyed so that the "Anti-Shock" Orifice (8) is closed by the Floats (4), (5) the valve will then become internally pressurized.

Disentrained air rises through the liquid and accumulates in the valve chamber when the volume of air is sufficient to displace the liquid, Float (4) will no longer be buoyant and will gravitate downwards thereby opening the Small Orifice (7) and allowing accumulated air to be discharged into atmosphere, as the air is discharged the liquid raises the Float (4) and reseals the Small Orifice (7) and prevents escape of liquid.



RECOMMENDED INSTALLATION ARRANGEMENTS

VERTICAL TURBINE PUMP APPLICATION







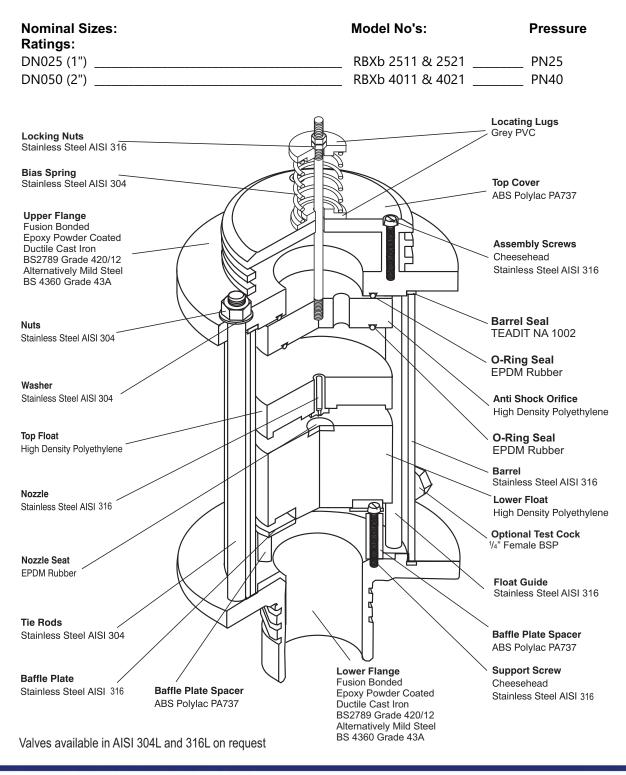
Series RBXb COMPONENT DESCRIPTION & MATERIAL SPECIFICATION SCREWED - DN25(1") & DN50(2")

Type:

Series RBXb - Double Orifice (Small & Large Orifice) with Bias Mechanism.

End Connection:

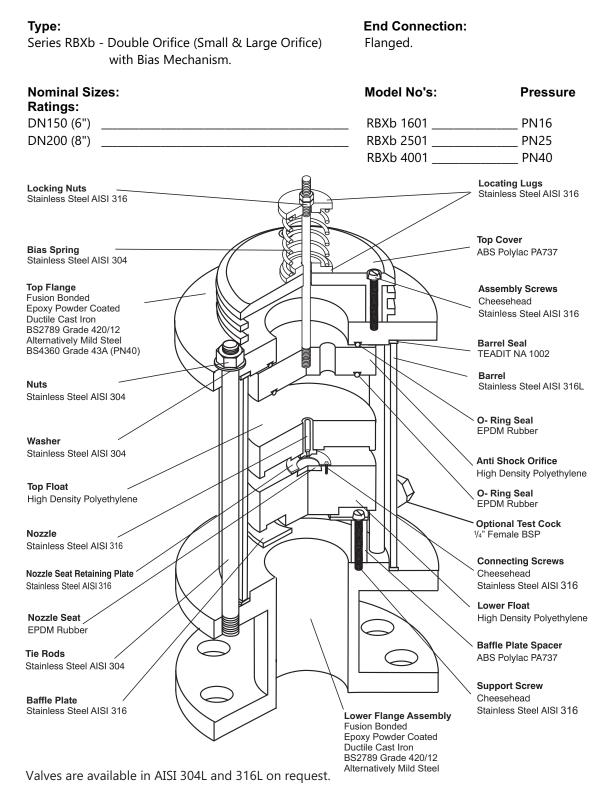
Screwed BSP (ISO R7) / NPT Male (ASME B1.20.1)







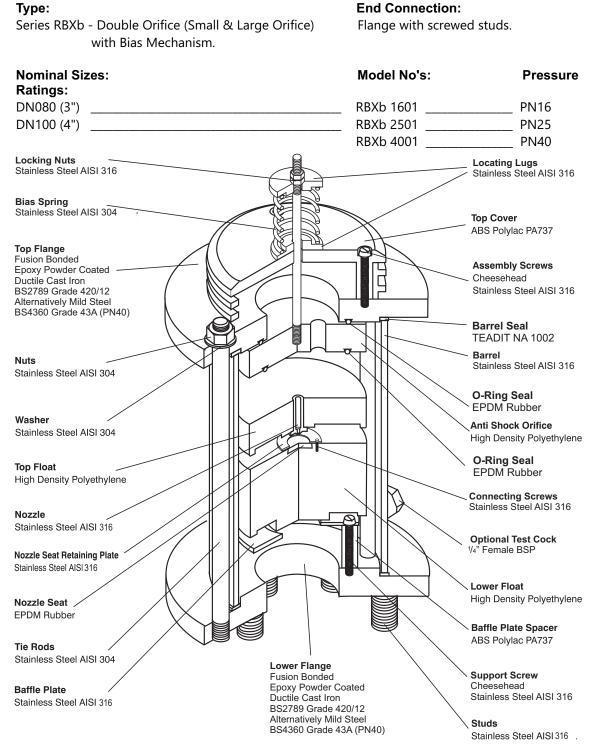
Series RBXb COMPONENT DESCRIPTION & MATERIAL SPECIFICATION FLANGED - DN150(6") & DN200(8")



BS4360 Grade 43A (PN40)



COMPONENT DESCRIPTION & MATERIAL SPECIFICATION FLANGED - DN80(3") & DN100(4")

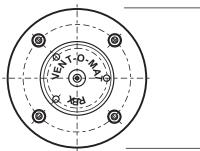


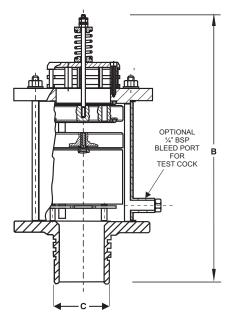
Valves are available in AISI 304L and 316L on request.

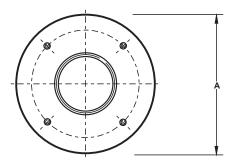
World Class Performance



Series RBXb **GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS** SCREWED - DN25(1") & DN50(2")







Type:

Double Orifice (Small & Large Orifice) with Bias Mechanism for large volume air intake and controlled air discharge.

End Connection:

Screwed BSP/ NPT male

Nominal Sizes:

DN 025 (1") & DN 050 (2")

| Model No's: | Pressure Ratings bar : |
|-------------|------------------------|
| RBXb 2511 | PN 25 |
| RBXb 4011 | PN 40 |

Operating Pressure Range - bar:

| | Min. | Max. |
|-------|---------|--------|
| PN 25 | 0.5 | 25 |
| PN 40 | 0.5 | 40 |

Operating Temperature Range:

4°C (40°F) to 65°C (149°F)

Acceptable Media:

Potable or strained raw water.

Function:

- i) Controlled air discharge pipeline filling
- ii) Pressurized air discharge pipeline filled.lii) Surge dampening high velocity air discharge, water column separation & liquid oscillation.
- iv) High volume air intake pipeline draining.

Materials of Construction: - see page 22

Installation:- see page 21

Standard Factory Tests:

Hydrostatic - 1.5 x max. rated working pressure i)

- ii) Low head leak 0.5 bar
- iii) Small orifice function at max. rated working pressure (minimum 1 valve in 10).

OVERALL DIMENSIONS & WEIGHTS

| DN | 1 | MODEL No | PRESSURE RATING | A | В | С | WEIGHT |
|----|----|--------------|-----------------|-----|-----|------------|--------|
| mm | in | | | mm | mm | | |
| 25 | 1 | 025 RBXb2511 | PN25 | 120 | 335 | 1" BSP/NPT | 5 |
| 25 | 1 | 025 RBXb4011 | PN40 | 120 | 387 | 1" BSP/NPT | 5.5 |
| 50 | 2 | 050 RBXb2511 | PN25 | 165 | 395 | 2" BSP/NPT | 9.5 |
| 50 | 2 | 050 RBXb4011 | PN40 | 165 | 410 | 2" BSP/NPT | 10 |

1 = Screwed BSP

2 = Screwed NPT

FLANGED AVAILABLE ON REQUEST



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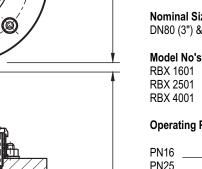


Series RBXb GENERALSPECIFICATIONS FLANGED-DN80(3") & DN100(4")

Type:



Ø



в

OPTIONAL

1/4" BSP BLEED PORT FOR TEST COCK

DN

large volume air intake and controlled air discharge. End Connection:

Double Orifice (Small & Large Orifice) with Bias Mechanism for

Flange with Screwed Studs for Alignment to; BS EN 1092 PN10, PN16, PN25 & PN40 ANSI B16.5 Class 150 & 300

Nominal Sizes:

DN80 (3") & DN100 (4")

| Model No's RBX 1601 | : | Pressure Ratings bar: PN 16 |
|------------------------|-------|--------------------------------|
| RBX 2501 | | PN 25 |
| RBX 4001 | | PN 40 |

Operating Pressure Range - bar (psi):

| | Min. | Max. |
|------|---------|--------|
| PN16 | 0.5 | 16 |
| PN25 | 0.5 | 25 |
| PN40 | 0.5 | 40 |

Operating Temperature Range:

4°C (40°F) to 65°C (149°F)

Acceptable Media:

Potable or strained raw water.

Function:

- i) Controlled air discharge pipeline filling.
- Pressurized air discharge pipeline filled. ii)
- iii) Surge dampening high velocity air discharge, water column separation & liquid oscillation.
- iv) High volume air intake pipeline draining.

Materials of Construction: - see page 23

Installation: - see page 21

Standard Factory Tests:

- i) Hydrostatic 1.5 x max. rated working pressure
- ii) Low head leak 0.5 bar
- iii) Small orifice function at max. rated working pressure (minimum 1 valve in 10).

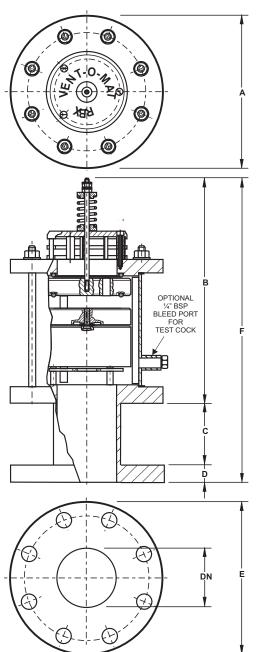
OVERALL DIMENSIONS & WEIGHTS

| DN | 1 | MODEL No. | MODEL No. | A | В | С | WEIGHT |
|-----|----|---------------|-----------|-----|-----|----|--------|
| mm | in | | | mm | mm | mm | kg. |
| 80 | 3 | 080 RBXb 1601 | PN16 | 235 | 460 | 50 | 23 |
| 80 | 3 | 080 RBXb 2501 | PN25 | 235 | 460 | 50 | 23 |
| 80 | 3 | 080 RBXb 4001 | PN40 | 235 | 475 | 50 | 24.5 |
| 100 | 4 | 100 RBXb 1601 | PN16 | 235 | 475 | 50 | 22.5 |
| 100 | 4 | 100 RBXb 2501 | PN25 | 235 | 480 | 60 | 22.5 |
| 100 | 4 | 100 RBXb 4001 | PN40 | 235 | 513 | 60 | 24 |
| | | | • | | | | |

0 = BS EN 1092



Series RBXb GENERALSPECIFICATIONS FLANGED-DN150(6") & DN200(8")



Type:

Double Orifice (Small & Large Orifice) with Bias Mechanism for large volume air intake and controlled air discharge.

End Connection:

Flange for Alignment to; BS EN 1092 PN10, PN16, PN25 & PN40 ANSI B16.5 Class 150 & 300

Nominal Sizes:

DN150 (6") & DN200 (8")

| Model No's: | Pressure Ratings bar: |
|-------------|-----------------------|
| RBX 1601 | PN 16 |
| RBX 2501 | PN 25 |
| RBX 4001 | PN 40 |

Operating Pressure Range - bar:

| | Min. | Max. |
|------|------|------|
| PN16 | 0.5 | 16 |
| PN25 | 0.5 | 25 |
| PN40 | 0.5 | 40 |

Operating Temperature Range:

4°C (40°F) to 65°C (149°F)

Acceptable Media:

Potable or strained raw water.

Function:

- i) Controlled air discharge pipeline filling.
- ii) Pressurized air discharge pipeline filled.
- iii) Surge dampening high velocity air discharge, water column separation & liquid oscillation.
- iv) High volume air intake pipeline draining.

Materials of Construction: - see page 24

Installation: - see page 21

Standard Factory Tests:

- i) Hydrostatic 1.5 x max. rated working pressure
- ii) Low head leak 0.5 bar
- iii) Small orifice function at max. rated working pressure (minimum 1 valve in 10).

OVERALL DIMENSIONS & WEIGHTS

| DN | 1 | MODEL No. | PRESSURE RATING | A | В | С | D | E | F | WEIGHT |
|-----|----|---------------|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|--------|
| mm | in | WODEL NO. | FRESSURE RATING | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | kg |
| 150 | 6 | 150 RBXb 1601 | PN16 | 355 | 630 | 133 | 19 | 285 | 785 | 69.5 |
| 150 | 6 | 150 RBXb 2501 | PN25 | 355 | 630 | 127 | 20 | 300 | 785 | 69.5 |
| 150 | 6 | 150 RBXb 4001 | PN40 | 355 | 630 | 127 | 26 | 300 | 785 | 75.5 |
| 200 | 8 | 200 RBXb 1601 | PN16 | 405 | 670 | 151 | 20 | 340 | 845 | 97.5 |
| 200 | 8 | 200 RBXb 2501 | PN25 | 405 | 670 | 145 | 22 | 360 | 845 | 97.5 |
| 200 | 8 | 200 RBXb 4001 | PN40 | 405 | 670 | 141 | 30 | 375 | 845 | 108.5 |

0 = BS EN 1092





VENT -O- MAT MODEL NO.

Page 25 - Series RBXb - DN25 (1") or DN50 (2") with BSP or NPT, Screwed Male Connection.

Page 26 - Series RBXb - DN80 (3") or DN100 (4") Flanged Connection.

Page 27 - Series RBXb - DN150 (6") or DN200 (8") Flanged Connection.

CONSTRUCTION & DESIGN

The air release & vacuum break valve shall be of the compact single chamber design with solid cylindrical H.D.P.E. control floats housed in a tubular Stainless Steel body with epoxy powder coated Mild Steel or Stainless Steel ends secured by means of Stainless Steel Tie Rods.

The valve shall have an integral 'Anti-Shock' Orifice mechanism which shall operate automatically to limit transient pressure rise or shock induced by closure to 1.5 x valve rated working pressure.

The intake orifice area shall be equal to the nominal size of the valve i.e., a 150mm (6") valve shall have a 150mm (6") intake orifice.

Large orifice sealing shall be effected by the flat face of the control float seating against a EPDM rubber 'O' ring housed in a dovetail groove circumferentially surrounding the orifice.

Discharge of pressurized air shall be controlled by the seating & unseating of a Small Orifice Nozzle on a EPDM rubber seal affixed into the control float. The Nozzle shall have a flat seating land surrounding the orifice so that the damage to the rubber seal is prevented.

The valve construction shall be proportioned with regard to material strength characteristics, so that deformation, leaking or damage of any kind does not occur by submission to one and a half times the designed working pressure.

The valve design shall incorporate an over pressure safety feature that will fail without an explosive effect, such as is normally the case when highly compressed air is released suddenly. The feature shall consist of easily replaceable components such as gaskets, seals or the like.

Connection to the valve inlet shall be facilitated by a screwed BSP or NPT male end (DN25 (1") & DN50 (2") only) or a flanged end conforming to PN10, 16, 25 or 40 ratings of BS EN 1092 or SABS 1123 Standards or, ANSI B16.5 Class 150 & Class 300 Standards.

Flanged ends for DN80 and DN100 shall be supplied with the requisite number of Stainless Steel screwed studs inserted for alignment to the specified standard. **Nuts, washers, or jointing gaskets shall be excluded.**

Optional: Provision of a 1/4" BSP/ Test/ Bleed Cock.

OPERATION

- Prior to the ingress of liquid into the valve chamber, as when the pipeline is being filled, valves shall vent through the "Anti-Shock" Orifice and reduce water approach velocity, so that on closure a maximum transient pressure rise of < 1.5 x valve rated pressure is realised.
- 2. Valves shall not exhibit leaks or weeping of liquid past the large orifice seal at operating pressures of 0.5 bar to one and half times the rated working pressure.
- 3. Valves shall respond to the presence of air by discharging it through the small orifice at any pressures within a specified design range, i.e. 0.5 bar to 16 bar, 25 bar or 40 bar, and shall remain leak tight in the absence of air.
- 4. Valves shall react immediately to pipeline drainage or water column separation by the full opening of the large orifice so as to allow unobstructed air intake at the lowest possible negative internal pipeline pressure.



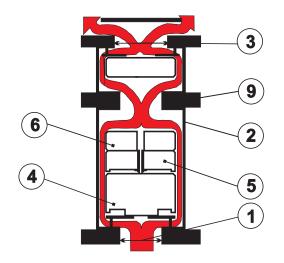
Series RBXv OPERATION

PRE NOTES:

There are instances where the hydraulic gradeline falls below a peak point during normal operation and where air inflow would adversely affect the normal operation and surge characteristic of the pipeline. Air intake may also be undesirable under pump trip conditions for pipelines running through a marsh (surge protection in these instances would be in the form of surge vessels and/or the pipeline will be designed for full vacuum).

Vent-O-Mat offers the Series RBXv valve which has specifically been developed to ensure effective air release under all pipeline conditions but will not allow air entry under any operating condition.

VENTING OF A FILLING PIPELINE (SUB CRITICAL WATER APPROACH VELOCITY)



Air enters Orifice (1), travels through the annular space between the cylindrical floats (4), (5), (6) and discharges through the Large Orifice (3) into atmosphere.*

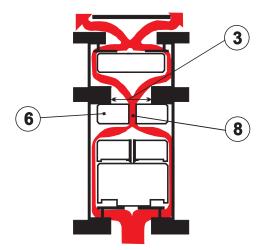
*Note: A relatively low flow discharge rate is required to lift float and ensure air release. Float will seat on the Middle Flange (9) under vacuum conditions, effectively preventing air entry.





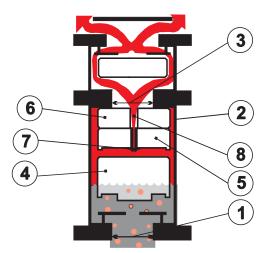
Series RBXv OPERATION

VENTING OF A FILLING PIPELINE (EXCESSIVE WATER APPROACH VELOCITY)



In reaction to increased air flow, Float (6) closes Large Orifice and air is forced through the "Anti-Shock" Orifice resulting in deceleration of the approaching water due to the resistance of rising air pressure in the valve.

PRESSURIZED AIR RELEASE FROM A FULL PIPELINE



Subsequent to the filling of a pipeline, liquid enters the valve Barrel Chamber (2) and the Floats (4), (5) and (6) are buoyed so that the "Anti-Shock" Orifice (8) is closed by the Float (5) and the valve will then become pressurized. A minimal working pressure of <0.5 bar acting on a relatively large area of the Orifice (1) will lock Floats (5) and (6) into the closed position across the Large Orifice (3).

Disentrained air rises through the liquid and accumulates in the valve chamber, when the volume of air is sufficient to displace the liquid, Float (4) will no longer be buoyant and will gravitate downwards thereby opening the Small Orifice (7) and allowing accumulated air to be discharged into atmosphere, as air is discharged the liquid raises Float (4) and reseals the Small Orifice (7) and prevents escape of liquid.



Series RBXv PURCHASE SPECIFICATION

VENT -O- MAT MODEL NO.

Series RBXv - DN25 (1") or DN50 (2") with BSP or NPT, Screwed Male Connection. Series RBXv - DN80 (3") or DN100 (4") Flanged Connection. Series RBXv - DN150 (6") or DN200 (8") Flanged Connection.

CONSTRUCTION & DESIGN

The air vent valve shall be of the compact single chamber design with solid cylindrical H.D.P.E. control floats housed in a tubular Stainless Steel Body with epoxy powder coated Mild Steel ends or Stainless Steel ends secured by means of Stainless Steel Tie Rods.

The valve shall have an integral 'Anti-Shock' Orifice mechanism which shall operate automatically to limit transient pressure rise or shock induced by closure to 1.5 x valve rated working pressure.

The discharge orifice area shall be equal to the nominal size of the valve i.e., a 150mm (6") valve shall have a 150mm (6") intake orifice.

Large orifice sealing shall be effected by the flat face of the control float seating against a EPDM rubber 'O' ring housed in a dovetail groove circumferentially surrounding the orifice.

Discharge of pressurized air shall be controlled by the seating & unseating of a Small Orifice Nozzle on a EPDM rubber seal affixed into the control float. The Nozzle shall have a flat seating land surrounding the orifice so that the damage to the rubber seal is prevented.

The valve construction shall be proportioned with regard to material strength characteristics, so that deformation, leaking or damage of any kind does not occur by submission to twice the designed working pressure.

The valve design shall incorporate an over pressure safety feature that will fail without an explosive effect, such as is normally the case when highly compressed air is released suddenly. The feature shall consist of easily replaceable components such as gaskets, seals or the like.

Connection to the valve inlet shall be facilitated by a screwed BSP or NPT Male end (DN25 (1") & DN50 (2") only) or a flanged end conforming to PN10, 16, 25 or 40 ratings of BS EN 1092 or SABS 1123 Standards or, ANSI B16. 5 Class 150 & Class 300 Standards.

Flanged ends for DN80 and DN100 valves shall be supplied with the requisite number of Stainless Steel screwed studs inserted for alignment to the specified standard. **Nuts, washers, or jointing gaskets shall be excluded.**

Optional: Provision of a ¹/₄" BSP/ NPT Test/ Bleed Cock.

OPERATION

- Prior to the ingress of liquid into the valve chamber, as when the pipeline is being filled, valves shall vent through the large orifice when water approach velocities are relative to a transient pressure rise on valve closure of 1.5 x valve rated pressure At higher water approach velocities, which have a potential to induce transient pressure rises >1.5 times valve rated pressure on closure, the valve shall automatically discharge through the "Anti-Shock" Orifice and reduce water approach velocity, so that on closure a maximum transient pressure rise of <1.5 x valve rated pressure is realised.
- 2. Valves shall not exhibit leaks or weeping of liquid past the large orifice seal at operating pressures of 0.5 bar to 1.5 times rated working pressure.
- Valves shall respond to the presence of air by discharging it through the small orifice at any
 pressures within a specified design range, i.e. 0.5 bar to 16 bar, 25 bar or 40 bar, and shall remain leak tight in
 the absence of air.





Series RBXb and RBXv ORDERING GUIDE

| VALVE SIZE: DN25 (1") - 025 DN50 (2") - 050 DN80 (3") - 080 DN100 (4") - 100 DN150 (6") - 150 DN200 (8") - 200 VALVE SERIES No. ANTI SHOCK ORIFICE: | 050 RB X b | 25 0 1 VALVE TYPE: DOUBLE ACTING 1 VALVE END CONNECTION: SCREWED - BSP SCREWED - NPT FLANGED - BS EN 1092 FLANGED - ANSI B16. 5 | 1 2 0 3 |
|---|------------|--|------------------|
| BIAS AIR IN b | | | |
| BIAS AIR OUT V | | VALVE PRESSURE RATING: PN 16 16 PN 25 25 PN 40 40 | |

Note:

- 1. DN250 (10") and DN300 (12") valves are available on request.
- 2. Valves for pressure ratings of PN64 and PN100 are available on request.
- 3. Valves are available with AISI 304 or AISI 316 Stainless Steel Flanged ends, please specify when ordering.

TEST SPECIFICATION

All air release valves supplied shall be subjected to the following testing procedures in the order laid down:

- (A)A high pressure strength and leak test whereby the valve is filled with water and pressurized to 1.5 times the rated working pressure which shall be held for a period of 2 minutes. Any leaking, weeping or sweating shall be reason for rejection.
- (B)A low head leak test whereby the valve is filled with water and pressurized to a maximum of 0.5 bar using a visible water column connected to the test rig. The valve shall be rejected if leak tightness is not maintained for 2 minutes
- (C)Every tenth air release valve of the same size and pressure rating must be subjected to a small orifice function test - "DROP TEST" - whereby the valve is filled with water, pressurized to above rated working pressure and isolated from the test rig by closure of an isolating valve. A chamber in the test rig immediately prior to the isolating valve must be filled with compressed air at a pressure equal to that being maintained in the air release valve. The isolating valve is then opened so as to allow the air to rise in the air release valve without the pressure dropping lower than 2 -3 bar above rated working pressure of the air release valve. The "DROP TEST" is then carried out by slowly bleeding off the pressure through a suitable cock until rated working pressure is reached and the float drop away from the orifice to allow discharge. Failure of the air release valve to function in the manner described will be reason for rejection.

On request the manufacturer shall provide batch certificates of test compliance which shall be cross referenced to serial numbers indelibly marked onto the identity label of each valve.

IMPORTANT NOTE: It is impossible to inject air into an incompressible liquid, air injection can only be achieved if the liquid can be displaced which implies that the pressure in the test rig must be reduced to atmospheric, and absolutely nothing is proven by discharge through the small orifice of the air release valve at atmospheric pressure. "DROP TESTING" in this manner is not acceptable.

World Class Performance

VENT-O-MAT[®]

GENERAL CONDITIONS OF TENDER AND SALE

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DEFINITIONS Seller

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Dynamic Fluid Control (Ply) Ltd 1.2

- Purchase
- The party who places an order on the Seller, which is accepted by the Seller in terms of Clause 2. (such acceptance hereinafter being referred to as "Acceptance of Order"). Goods
 - The materials, products and or services ordered by the Purchaser and accepted by the Seller in terms of Clause 2.
 - Contract. These General Conditions of Tender and Sale, technical specifications of the Purchaser's order as have been specifically agreed m writing and the Acceptance of Order, together with only such other terms and conditions as may be specifically agreed in writing between the parties.

ACCEPTANCE OF ORDER

- The Purchaser's order shall constitute an offer, and a contract shall only come into The Purchaser's order shall constitute an offer, and a contract shall only come into existence when the Seller accepts the Purchaser's order, by issuing an Acceptance of Order or by performing in response to the Order. Unless otherwise specifically agreed in writing in the contract any other terms and conditions including those forming part of the Purchaser's order, which deviate from the General Conditions, shall not form part of the Contract, and shall be of no force. or effect In the event that the Purchaser and the Seller engage in negotiations over amendments or additions to or deletions from the General Conditions of Tender and Sale, these General Conditions shall govern the sale of the goods until such negotiations are finalised and these General Conditions amended (if at all) by agreement in writing. FCONTRACT
- 2.2

SUPE OF CONTRACT The Seller's obligations in terms of the Contract will be to produce the Goods in accordance with such designs, instructions, itemised details, plans, drawings, programmes and specifications (the specifications) as form part of the Contract, and in particular the Seller will not be responsible for the adequacy of or for any costs occasioned by the inadequacy of any such specifications or for any foundations or supporting structures of other work as may have been provided, prepared or specified by or on behalf o the Purchaser. LIABILITY

Liability for Defects 4.1

The Seller undertakes that the Goods will conform to such specifications in respect of each other as have been specifically accepted by the Seller in writing and in the event of the Goods proving not to be in accordance with such specifications, the Seller shall, if requested to do so in writing within a reasonable time of discovery of such failure to conform to such specifications (hereinafter referred to a defects), but not in any event after 6 months have elapsed from the date of delivery of such defective Goods to the Purchaser, at its option, repair or replace the defective portions/components of the Goods, by supplying the repaired or replacement portion components of the Goods to the initial place of delivery, or at the further option of the Seller, to credit the Purchaser the initial place otherse, or a the function of the solution (or contribution in the solution), which is invoice value of the defective portion/components of the Goods in question. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary anywhere contained, the Seller shall have no liability in respect of any defects in the Goods, whether latent or patent, not notified to the Seller in writing before the end of the aforesaid 6 month period

4.2

the selfer in writing before the end of the aforesaid 6 month period Liability for Delay Subject to the provisions of Clause 8 and 10, the Selfer under takes to supply the Goods in accordance with such delivery dates as are specifically agreed in contract, and in the event that the Goods are not supplied in accordance with such dates, or within extensions or revisions of such dates, or if delays caused by the discovery of defects after delivery, or revisions of such dates, or if delays caused by the discovery of defects after delivery, the Seller's liability shall be limited to such penalty for late delivery as may have been specifically accepted by the Seller in writing in respect of each order accepted by the Seller. Such penalty shall only be payable in the event that, and to the extent that, the Purchaser is himself legally obliged to pay penalties in respect of each delay and in no event shall such penalty exceed 10% of the unescalated Contract Price of such portions of the Goods as cannot, because of the delay, be put to the use intended, and such penalty shall constitute the Seller's sole liability and the Purchaser's sale remedy for such delay. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary anywhere contained, the liability of the Seller howsoever arising out of the Contract or in Delict or by operation of statute shall not extend beyond the obligations specifically assumed in terms of this Clause 4, and the Seller.

- Seller. 4.3.1
 - gives no other warranties, expressed or implied in respect of (without limi
 - gives no other warranties, expressed or implied in respect of (without limi-tation) workmanship, materials, fitness for purpose, merchantability or products liability not set out herein; in respect of "brought out" or proprietary items not if its own manufacture, gives no greater warranty and accepts no greater liability than that given or accepted by and enforceable against the supplier/manufacturer thereof. 4.32
 - gives no warranties in respect of Goods used other than for the intended purpose, or for defects arising through fair wear and tear or neglect, shall in no event be liable for the Purchaser's loss of profits, loss of use, loss of production, loss of custom or goodwill, or for any special, indirect or 4.3.3 consequential damages howsoever arising

DELIVERY

4.3

- Unless otherwise stipulated in the Contract, deliver y shall be "ex the Seller's works" and the Contract Price is based on such "ex works" delivery and is exclu sive of any sales tax payable in terms of any applicable statute, packaging, freight and insurance during
- The risk in and to the Good s will pass to the Purchaser on Delivery and claims for non delivery or for shortages or damage upon receipt of the Goods must be made m writing by the Purchaser within the earlier of 7 (seven) days of the relevant con signment note or 5.2 receipt of the Goods as the case may be, failing which the Seller shall have no liability in
 - receipt of the Goods and case may be failing which the benefit sharhave to hability in respect of such claims. Should the Purchaser fail or refuse to take delivery of the Goods when delivery is tendered by the Seller, the Purchaser shall be liable for such costs as may be incurred by the Seller as consequence thereof.

Contract Price

- 6.1 the contract price to be paid by the Purchaser for the Goods shall be as set out in the tender and is based on the costs of materials, transport, labour, insurance rates, exchange rates and import duties ruling at the date of the tender and any variation in such costs or rates occurring between the date of the tender and the date of payment, shall be for the account of the Purchaser, and shall be determined in accordance with the formula included in the Contract, and if no formula is so included, in accordance with the
 - Included in the Contract, and it no formula is so included, in accordance with the prevailing relevant formulae, principles and indices published by SEIFSA. If the Goods or any parts thereof are to be imported, the price will be based on the rates of exchange, freight, insurance premiums, lighterage, landing charges, port dues, custom duty and railage at the date of the tender or as specifically agreed. Should these rates vary between the date of the tender and the date upon which charges are incurred, the price shall be varied by the amount of the increase or decrease in such charges. 6.2

- the Contract Price shall be paid in cash, free of exchange, deduction or set off within 30 6.3 the contact rise stands by part data, rice or change, deductor is event, notwithstandin delivery of the Goods to the Purchaser or to any third party, it is specifically agreed that it is the intention of the parties that the Goods shall not accede to any other property, whether moveable or immovable, and that it is as far as any other goods or equipment are concerned the Goods shall, for the purposes of accession be deemed to be the Principle items, and that ownership of the goods and any it ems accessory thereto shall al all times remain vested in the Seller, and shall not pass to the Purchaser until the full Contract Price has been paid. In the event of non-payment, the Purchaser hereby irrevocably authorises the Seller or its duly authorised agents to repossess the Goods wheresoever they may be found, and further, at its option, in detach or unmix by itself, its agents or servants, the Goods from anything to which they are installed or annexed without being responsible for any damage that may be caused thereby and may, for such purpose, by itself, its servants or agents, enter upon any land or building, vehicle or vessel or other place upon which the Goods are reasonably thought to be situated. Payments del ayed after the due date for payment shall be subject to interest charges, compounded monthly with effect from the date of delivery, at prime bank overdraft rate. Where payment by the Purchaser is effected by cheque, and where the post is used the risk of loss arising from the use of a cheque or the use of the post, shall rest with the Purchaser. whether moveable or immovable, and that it is as far as any other goods or equipment
- 6.4
- 6.5 Purchaser. RENUNCIATION OF BENEFITS

The Purchaser hereby renounces the benefits off any other rights; not expressly referred to in these General Conditions are not expr essly agreed in writing and to which it may be entitled, or which it may acquire in terms of the Agricultural Credit Act, 28 of 1966 as amended, the Moratorium Act. 25 or any other similar rights under any other statute. VARIATIONS

The Seller sh all supply the Goods strictly in accordance with the Contract. Should the Purchaser require variations to the Goods, or to the quantities thereof, or should the Seller be hindered, delayed or prevented from supplying in terms of the Contract or be exposed to extra cost owing to extensions or to emissions from the order, deviations from the specifications, late, defective or non-receipt of information or rep issue materials or by any other act, default or emission by or on behalf of the Purchaser, the Seller shall be entitled to an appropriate variation to the rates or to the Contract Price or to the programme, or any other obligation of the Seller, provided that no such variation required to the seller shall be entitled to an appropriate variation to the rates of the Contract Price or to the programme, or any other obligation of the Seller, provided that no such variation required to the seller shall be entitled to an appropriate variation to the rates of the Seller shall be appropriate variation to the seller shall be app by the Purchaser shall, without the written consent of the Seller, together with such other variations as may have been requested, involve a variation of more than 10% (ten percentum) to the Contract Price or to the quantities set out In the Contract.

RETURNS

RELIGNS Returns, it accepted by the Seller at its sole discretion and upon such terms as it may prescribe, shall be credited Subject to a deduction of a minimum of 10% (ten percentum) as a handling charge, subject to the goods being within their specified shelf life and in a marketable conduition and provided further that the Purchaser shall be liable for all costs of delivery to the Seller's designated

FORCE MAJEURE 10

- IADLUKE Neither party shall be liable to the other for inability to perform or delayed performances in terms of the Contract, should such inability delay arise from any cause beyond the reasonable control of such party, the existence or happening of which cause has been drawn to the attention of the other party within a reasonable time of the occurrence of such cause (hereinafter referred to as "a Force Majeure event"). 10.1
- such cause (neremanic referred to as a Porce Majeure event hall, without limitation to the generality of (the aforegoing, be defamed to include, strikes, lock outs, labour disput accidents, plant and machinery breakdowns, fire, explosions, theft, war (whether declared or not) invasion, acts of foreign enemies, hostilities, riot, civil insurrection, 10.2 disputes declared or not) invasion, acts of foreign enemies, hostilities, riot, civil insurrection, flood, earthquake, lightning, act of local or national government, martial law, failure or delay or, the part of the Seller's supplier(s) of service, of "bought out" or raw materials, to meet delivery dates, or any failure or delay on the part of the Purchaser or the Purchaser's agents or other Contractors to provide the Seller with free issue materials, specifications, or defects or changes in such Specifications, or any other cause beyond the reasonable control of the party effected.
 PATENTS COPYRIGHT AND CONFIDENTIALITY
 The Purchaser shall indemnify and hold harmless the Seller against all claims and expenses of whatsoever natur e and description arising from alleged or infringement of any Letters Pattern Trade Mark Desions or Converb to cossioned but he Seller's

- any Letters Patent, Trade Mark, Designs or Copyright occasioned by the Seller's performance of this Contract. The Seller warrants however that any designs specified by it shall not Infringe any of
- 11.2 11.3
- The Seller warrants nowever that any designs specified by it shall not infringe any of such Letters Patent, Trade Marks, Designs or Copyright. The Purchaser shall keep confidential and shall not use for any purpose other than the Contract itself, all drawings and designs supplied by the Seller in terms of the Contract, and the Purchaser shall Indemnify the Seller against any loss suffered by the Seller as a result of the breach of this clause. Such drawings and designs supplied by the Seller remains the exclusive property of the Seller and shall be promptly delivered and returned to the Company upon completion of the Contract.

12. BREACH

Should either party be in breach of any material obligations imposed in terms of the Contract and fail Should either party be in oreach of any material obligations imposed in terms of the Contract and to remedy such breach or take positive steps towards remedying such breach within 14 (fourteen) days of written notice of such breach from the other party, then the non defaulting party shall be entitled to cancel the Contract, without prejudice to such other rights that such non defaulting party may have in terms of this agreement or at law. **GOVERNING LAW AND DISPUTES**

- The Contract shall be construed and interpreted in accordance with, the laws of the 13.1
- Republic of South Africa. Any disputes arising between the parties in respect of the Contract shall, at the option of the Seller, be just iciable in the Magistrates Court of South Africa having jurisdiction over the Purchaser, notwithstanding the fact that the dispute might otherwise have fallen 13.2 outside the jurisdiction of such Magistrates Court and the Purchaser to such jurisdiction.

14.

FUTURE CONTRACTS These General Conditions of Tender and Sale (as they may be amended front time to time by the Seller shall also apply to any future, oral or written contract for the supply of goods and/or services by the Seller to the Purch by the Seller to the Purchaser, save to the extent that such conditions are in any future contracts specifically varied or excluded or are inconsistent with what is expressly agreed in any such future

LANGUAGE 15.

These General Conditions of Tender and Sale are available in the other official language, upon request.





*The Vent-O-Mat RBX range is certified to NSF-61.

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